

Farm Characteristics

LL_02

Farm Description	A cow-calf operation with 146 cows, utilizing both homegrown and purchased feed.
Winter Feeding Ration (lbs/cow/day as fed)	230 days on greenfeed (19 lb), hay (12 lb) and straw (5 lb)
Retained Ownership/Replacement Ration (lb/head/day as fed)	Replacements: 222 days on hay (20 lb)

Disclaimer:

This benchmark is based on 4 farms of data; outliers were excluded as required. Canfax Research Services (CRS) tries to provide quality information, but we make no claims, promises, or guarantees about the accuracy, completeness, or adequacy of the information. CRS does not guarantee and accepts no legal liability arising from or connected to, the accuracy, reliability, or completeness of any material contained in our publications. Reproduction and/or electronic transmission of this publication, in whole or in part, is strictly forbidden without written consent from CRS.

Environment	
Average Annual Temperature	3.5° C
Average Annual Precipitation (mm)	250-350
Ecoregion	Mixed Grassland
Stocking Rate (Animal Unit days per acre)	32
Fertilize Hay (yes/no)	No
Fertilize Pasture (yes/no)	No
Typical Hay Yield (tonnes/acre)	0.9
Grassland Acres (owned+rented)	991
Crop Acres (includes hay) (owned+rented)	440
Bush and other acres	0

Physical Performance Indicators	
Breed	Simmental, Hereford, Angus, Charlais
Cow:Bull Ratio	23:1
Bull Culling Rate (%)	17%
Mature Cow Weight (lb)	1,370
Heifer Retention for a steady herd (%)	10%
Cow Death Loss (%)	1.5%
Cow Culling Rate (%)	9.0%
Calves alive after 24hr/100 Cows exposed	91
Calf Death Loss (%) 24 hr to weaning	2%
Calves weaned per 100 cows exposed	88
Total Liveweight Sold per Cow (lb)	592
Weaning Weight (lb)	578
205 day adjusted Weaning Weight (lb)	528
Average Daily Gain pre-weaning (lb)	2.16
Weaning Weight as % of Cow Weight	42%

Production System	
Herd size	146
Days on field feeding (e.g. swath grazing)	0
Days supplemented on pasture	0
Days on full winter feed	222
Calving Start date	March 02
Weaning date	October 31
Sale date	October 31
Retained ownership	Replacements
% of feed purchased	28.2%
% of land in crops	31%
Annual sales Retained Cattle (head)	N/A
Placement weight (lbs)	N/A
Sale Weight (lbs)	N/A
Days on feed	0
Days on grass	0

Footnotes:

Cost of Production: Cash Cost + Depreciation + Opportunity Costs

Cash Costs = Cash cost for purchased feed, fertiliser, seeds, fuel, maintenance, land rents, animal purchases, interest on liabilities, wages paid, veterinary costs plus medicine, water, insurance, accounting, etc (excl. Tax)

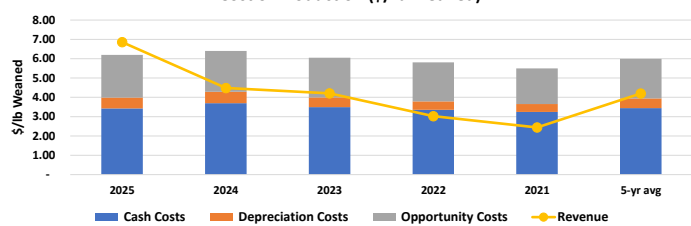
Depreciation = Linear depreciation on machinery and buildings, calculated on replacement values

Opportunity Costs = Calculated cost for using own production factors like labour (family working hours * wage for qualified local labour, land (own land * regional land rents) and capital (non-land equity * long-term government bonds interest rate)

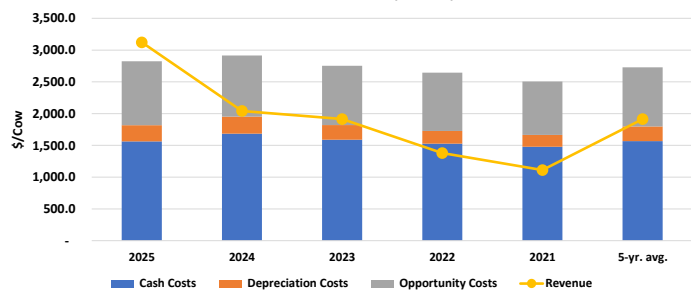
Whole Farm Profitability = Market returns (+ coupled payments) (+ decoupled payments) - whole-farm costs +/- changes in inventory +/- capital gains/losses.

Whole Farm Net Income = Whole farm profitability + depreciation + changes in inventory + capital gains/losses. Known as: 'Net farm income' (Agri Profits, 2018)

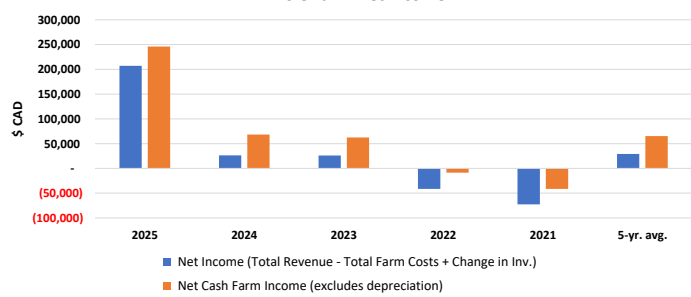
Cost of Production (\$/lb Weaned)



Cost of Production (\$/Cow)



Whole Farm Net income



Whole Farm Overview Page

Overview							
Operation Maturity	Mature						
Herd Size	146						
Paid Labour (livestock only) (hours)	-			Beef Animals Sold from Retained Ownership	N/A		
Unpaid Labour (livestock only) (hours)	3,468						
Average wages - paid and unpaid (\$/hr)	26.62						
Revenue		2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	5-yr. avg.
Market Revenue	5-yr avg	455,884	298,119	265,744	185,922	148,581	270,850
Cow-Calf	90%	455,884	298,119	265,744	185,922	148,581	270,850
Cash Crops	0%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retained Ownership	0%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Government Payments	3%	-	-	13,724	15,476	13,724	8,585
Other Farm Revenue †	7%	21,967	21,913	21,908	21,907	21,907	21,920
Total Revenue	100%	477,851	320,032	301,376	223,306	184,212	301,355
Change in Inventory		-	-	-	-	-	-
Expenses		2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	5-yr. avg.
Depreciation		39,080	42,120	36,518	32,800	31,277	36,359
Machinery		24,261	27,741	22,908	19,916	19,230	22,811
Buildings		14,819	14,379	13,610	12,884	12,047	13,548
Quota econ. Accounting		-	-	-	-	-	-
Overhead costs		77,830	78,716	83,285	79,377	68,282	77,498
Land improvement		9,636	9,636	9,636	8,642	7,798	9,069
Machinery Maintenance		11,177	11,090	9,814	8,685	8,229	9,799
Buildings Maintenance		3,966	3,852	4,306	3,914	3,356	3,879
Contract labour		10,038	10,038	10,038	10,368	9,844	10,065
Diesel, Gasoline, Natural Gas		8,740	9,028	9,127	11,196	7,796	9,177
Electricity		8,276	9,130	14,482	10,016	6,079	9,597
Water		-	-	-	-	-	-
Farm insurance		14,995	14,995	14,995	15,488	14,705	15,036
Disability and accident insurance		-	-	-	-	-	-
Farm taxes and duties		5,912	5,912	5,912	6,106	5,797	5,928
Advisor costs		1,102	1,102	1,102	1,138	1,081	1,105
Accountant & legal fees		1,349	1,349	1,349	1,393	1,323	1,352
Phone & utilities		2,306	2,259	2,206	2,123	1,988	2,176
Other overhead costs		333	326	319	307	287	314
Wages, rent and interest payments		55,966	56,351	56,236	55,384	54,073	55,602
Paid Labour		-	-	-	-	-	-
Total land rents		37,490	35,438	32,525	31,710	30,571	33,547
Total Interest on debt		18,476	20,913	23,712	23,674	23,501	22,055
Cow-Calf		61,175	80,033	61,810	58,827	68,019	65,973
Animal purchases		12,728	10,464	8,267	6,708	6,708	8,975
Purchased feed		38,289	59,270	43,347	41,787	51,536	46,846
Other fixed and var. costs *		10,158	10,299	10,195	10,332	9,774	10,152
Retained Ownership		-	-	-	-	-	-
Animal purchases		-	-	-	-	-	-
Purchased feed		-	-	-	-	-	-
Other fixed and var. costs *		-	-	-	-	-	-
Crop and forage		36,793	36,610	37,664	38,383	35,259	36,942
Seed		12,986	13,256	12,831	11,219	10,619	12,182
Fertilizer		10,724	10,306	10,378	11,275	9,811	10,499
Herbicide		3,265	3,237	4,650	5,782	5,237	4,434
Fungicide & Insecticide		-	-	-	-	-	-
Irrigation		-	-	-	-	-	-
Contract labour		9,517	9,517	9,517	9,830	9,332	9,542
Fuel costs (crop & forage)		-	-	-	-	-	-
Other crop and forage		301	295	288	277	260	284
Total Farm Costs (excludes unpaid labour)		270,845	293,831	275,513	264,772	256,910	272,374
Cash Costs (Total Farm Costs - Depreciation)		231,765	251,711	238,995	231,972	225,632	236,015
Depreciation & Opportunity Costs (including unpaid labour)		131,420	134,460	128,857	125,139	123,617	128,699
Total Economic Costs (cash, depr, opportunity)		363,185	386,171	367,852	357,111	349,249	364,714
Profits		2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	5-yr. avg.
Net Income (Total Revenue - Total Farm Costs + Change in Inv.)		207,006	26,200	25,863	(41,466)	(72,697)	28,981
Net Cash Farm Income (excludes depreciation)		246,026	68,315	62,380	(8,666)	(41,420)	65,327

† Other Farm Revenue includes: Other enterprises, capital gains and losses as well as calculated interest on savings based on the models previous year profits.

* Other fixed and var. costs includes: veterinary, medicine, maintenance and spare parts, and other/miscellaneous



Cow-Calf Enterprise (\$/Cow)	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	5 yr. avg.
No. of Cows*	146	146	146	146	146	146
Average male and female calf price (\$/head)	3,528	2,239	2,036	1,408	1,121	2,066
REVENUE						
Cow Calf	3,122	2,042	1,914	1,379	1,112	1,914
Cull animals and slaughter receipts	353	279	215	159	131	227
Breeding livestock receipts	-	-	-	-	-	-
Calf Sales and transfer to retained ownership enterprise	2,769	1,763	1,606	1,115	887	1,628
Government payments	-	-	94.0	106.0	94.0	58.8
Other returns	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Cow-Calf Revenue	3,122	2,042	1,914	1,379	1,112	1,914
VARIABLE COSTS						
Animal purchases	87.2	71.7	56.6	45.9	45.9	61
Feed (purchase feed, fertiliser, seed, pesticides)	515.1	657.5	555.7	541.0	584.0	571
Machinery (maintenance, depreciation, contractor)	362.4	377.0	335.8	306.1	286.6	334
Fuel, energy, lubricants, water	111.2	115.9	149.4	130.0	82.8	118
Vet & medicine	36.4	36.4	36.4	37.6	35.7	37
Other inputs cow calf enterprise	66.4	66.2	64.9	63.5	59.2	64
Labour						
Paid Labour	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unpaid Labour	659.4	643.8	638.5	638.6	590.7	634
Total Variable Costs	1,838.1	1,968.5	1,837.3	1,762.8	1,684.9	1,818
CAPITAL COSTS						
Insurance, taxes	138.5	136.2	135.4	136.7	127.5	135
Buildings (maintenance, depreciation)	122.8	116.3	113.4	102.9	91.9	109
Land Cost	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rented Land	256.8	242.7	222.8	217.2	209.4	230
Own Land	320.0	294.4	272.6	260.6	243.9	278
Capital Costs	-	-	-	-	-	-
Liabilities	120.7	133.4	150.6	146.2	141.8	139
Own capital	26.2	24.0	21.9	18.5	5.0	19
Total Capital Costs	985.0	947.1	916.6	882.3	819.6	910
COSTS						
Cash Costs	1,562.1	1,684.6	1,589.8	1,526.3	1,478.2	1,568
Depreciation Costs	255.4	268.7	231.1	201.0	186.7	229
Opportunity Costs	1,005.7	962.2	933.0	917.8	839.6	932
Total Production Costs	2,823.1	2,915.6	2,753.8	2,645.0	2,504.4	2,728
Profits	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	5-yr. avg.
Short-term profit (cash costs)	1,560.4	357.3	324.4	(146.8)	(366.5)	346
Medium-term profit (cash + depreciation)	1,305.0	88.5	93.3	(347.8)	(553.2)	117
Long-term profit (cash + depreciation + opportunity)	299.4	(873.7)	(839.7)	(1,265.6)	(1,392.8)	(814)

*Model maintains a stable herd size

Costs and revenue are reported for a calendar (e.g. January to December). It reflects revenue and expenses that a producer experiences over that period. Producers who want a cash flow analysis typically use a calendar or agricultural year. This method is often preferred by lenders when getting evaluated for a line of credit or a loan. The model maintains a stable herd, retention rates were adjusted to ensure that.

Cash Costs

Cash costs are the outlays over the course of the year, including machine repairs, paid labour, costs of feed production, and purchased feed. CDN COP Network bases cash costs on actual costs of production. Agri Profit\$ uses the market value for some cash costs, including feed.

The cost of producing the feed on-farm and the purchased feed costs as used in that year to reflect the experience and situation of producers. Production inputs, land and any purchased feeds utilized that year are included. Rations for each type of animal and inventories are used to calculate total feed requirements. Any shortfall in production are assumed to be purchased at market value. Feed rations and yields are provided "as fed" to balance the model. Below are the included costs for feed production:

Feed: Calculated as feed cost (purchase feed + fertilizer, seed and pesticides for own feed production) + machinery cost (machinery maintenance + depreciation + contractor) + fuel, energy, lubricants and water + land cost (land rents paid + opportunity cost own land)

Land: separated into owned and rented land, includes both crop and pastureland. Land costs = Rents paid + calculated land rents for own land (opportunity cost).

By using the cost of land, the advantage that mature operations have is clearly shown as their cost structure is lower when land has been fully paid off.

Allocation

Generic allocation uses percent revenues from each commodity to cover overheads and utilizes accounting data for the overhead costs. This takes the approach that overheads and fixed costs will be covered by something grown on the farm and recognizes that there are commodity price cycles where grains and livestock tend to be opposite. It is not so much concerned about each enterprise paying their way as that all overheads are covered by the mix of commodities grown. It should be recognized that as commodity prices fluctuate and revenues to each enterprise fluctuate, the shifting shares will change the cost structure for each enterprise from year to year.

Depreciation

Depreciation on buildings and machinery is a non-cash cost that reveals the ability of the farm to continue operating if an asset needs replacement.

Differences in depreciation costs between AgriProfit\$ and the CDN COP Network primarily comes from the use of specific (AgriProfit\$) versus generic (CDN COP Network) allocation. Where generic allocation results in machinery depreciation used for feed production to show up in the cow-calf enterprise as that is where revenue is generated. In contrast, specific allocation removes that cost and since feed is treated at market value, machinery depreciation for feed production is treated as a cash cost. This results in the CDN COP Network typically having lower cash costs and higher depreciation costs than what is reported in AgriProfit\$.

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Labour: The opportunity costs of labour are the calculated wage for family labour, either off-farm salary or farm manager salary. It is important to note that the opportunity cost of labour reflects the income you can receive for the same type of labour.

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Unit Reported

Often cow-calf COP is expressed as dollars per cow wintered (\$/cow wintered) which adjusts the calf price per head for the number of calves sold per 100 cows. When evaluating overall cost structure to identify areas for improvement, or comparing to a benchmark, this is sufficient.

However, a per unit cost provides producers with their break-even cost, allowing them to compare with posted market prices for their calves' average weight category. This break-even price will depend on the percentage of calves weaned that year from the cow herd. The higher percent weaned, the lower per pound the break-even price will be.



Cow-Calf Enterprise (\$/lb Weaned)	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	5 yr. avg.
Pounds Weaned	66,480	66,480	66,480	66,480	66,480	66,480
Average male and female weaning weight (lbs)	578	578	578	578	578	578
Average male and female calf price at weaning (\$/lb)	6.10	3.87	3.52	2.44	1.94	3.57
REVENUE						
Cow Calf Operation	6.86	4.48	4.20	3.03	2.44	4.20
Cull animals and slaughter receipts	0.78	0.61	0.47	0.35	0.29	0.50
Breeding livestock receipts	-	-	-	-	-	-
Calf Sales and transfer to retained ownership enterprise	6.08	3.87	3.53	2.45	1.95	3.58
Government payments	-	-	0.21	0.23	0.21	0.13
Other returns	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Cow-Calf Revenue	6.86	4.48	4.20	3.03	2.44	4.20
VARIABLE COSTS						
Animal purchases	0.19	0.16	0.12	0.10	0.10	0.14
Feed (purchase feed, fertiliser, seed, pesticides)	1.13	1.44	1.22	1.19	1.28	1.25
Machinery (maintenance, depreciation, contractor)	0.80	0.83	0.74	0.67	0.63	0.73
Fuel, energy, lubricants, water	0.24	0.25	0.33	0.29	0.18	0.26
Vet & medicine	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08
Other inputs cow calf enterprise	0.15	0.15	0.14	0.14	0.13	0.14
Labour	-	-	-	-	-	-
Paid Labour	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unpaid Labour	1.45	1.41	1.40	1.40	1.30	1.39
Total Variable Costs	4.0	4.3	4.0	3.9	3.7	4.0
CAPITAL COSTS						
Insurance, taxes	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.28	0.30
Buildings (maintenance, depreciation)	0.27	0.26	0.25	0.23	0.20	0.24
Land Cost	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rented Land	0.56	0.53	0.49	0.48	0.46	0.50
Owned Land	0.70	0.65	0.60	0.57	0.54	0.61
Capital Costs	-	-	-	-	-	-
Liabilities	0.27	0.29	0.33	0.32	0.31	0.30
Own capital	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.04	0.01	0.04
Total Capital Costs	2.2	2.1	2.0	1.9	1.8	2.0
COSTS						
Cash Costs	3.43	3.70	3.49	3.35	3.25	3.44
Depreciation Costs	0.56	0.59	0.51	0.44	0.41	0.50
Opportunity Costs	2.21	2.11	2.05	2.02	1.84	2.05
Total Production Costs	6.20	6.40	6.05	5.81	5.50	5.99
Profits	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	5-yr. avg.
Short-term profit (cash costs)	3.43	0.78	0.71	(0.32)	(0.80)	0.76
Medium-term profit (cash + depreciation)	2.87	0.19	0.20	(0.76)	(1.21)	0.26
Long-term profit (cash + depreciation + opportunity)	0.66	(1.92)	(1.84)	(2.78)	(3.06)	(1.79)

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