

# **Farm Summary**

Farm Characteristics	CA-QC-2
Farm Description	A cow-calf operation that backgrounds for 120 days, uses 70% homegrown hay and retains replacement heifers
Winter Feeding Ration (lbs/cow/day as fed)	240 days of 38 lb of hay, 75 g of mineral and 25 g of salt per day, provided year-round
Retained Ownership/Replacement Ration (lb/head/day as fed)	120 days of 9 lb of hay, 2 lb of concentrate, 2 lb of oats, 75 g of mineral and 25 g of salt
Disclaimer	This benchmark is based on 5 farms of data; outliers were excluded as required.Canfax Research Services (CRS) tries to provide quality information, but we make no claims, promises, or guarantees about the accuracy, completeness, or adequacy of the information. CRS does not guarantee and accents on lengt liability arising from or connected to the accuracy reliability or completeness of any material

6.00

Calving Start date

Retained ownership

% of feed purchased

Placement weight (lbs)

Sale Weight (lbs)

Days on feed

Days on grass

Footnotes:

% of land in crops Annual sales Retained Cattle (head)

Weaning date Sale date

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Environment	
Average Annual Temperature	3.5°C
Average Annual Precipitation (mm)	900-1300
Ecoregion	11. Quebec Maritime
Stocking Rate (Animal Unit days per acre)	0.5 cows/acre
Fertilize Hay (yes/no)	Yes
Fertilize Pasture (yes/no)	No
Typical Hay Yield (tonnes/acre)	1.4
Grassland Acres (owned+rented)	561
Crop Acres (includes hay) (owned+rented)	791
Bush and other acres	50
Physical Performance Indicators	
Breed	Mixe
Cow:Bull Ratio	18:1
Bull Culling Rate (%)	79
Mature Cow Weight (lb)	1,300
Heifer Retention for a steady herd (%)	169 2.19
Cow Death Loss (%) Cow Culling Rate (%)	2.19
0	
Calves alive after 24hr/100 Cows exposed	9.
Calf Death Loss (%) 24 hr to weaning Calves weaned per 100 cows exposed	49
Total Liveweight Sold per Cow (lb)	59
Weaning Weight (lb)	53
205 day adjusted Weaning Weight (lb)	52
Average Daily Gain pre-weaning (lb)	2.15
Weaning Weight as % of Cow Weight	419
Production System	
Herd size	27
Days on field feeding (e.g. swath grazing)	(
Days supplemented on pasture	(
Days on full winter feed	24



Cost of Production (\$/lb Weaned)



Cost of Production: Cash Cost + Depreciation + Opportunity Costs

Cash Costs = Cash cost for purchased feed, fertiliser, seeds, fuel, maintenance, land rents, animal purchases, interest on liabilities, wages paid, veterinary costs plus medicine, water, insurance, accounting, etc (excl. Tax)

Depreciation = Linear depreciation on machinery and buildings, calculated on replacement values Opportunity Costs = Calculated cost for using own production factors like labour (family working hours \* wage for qualified local labour, land (own land \* regional land rents) and capital (non-land equity \* long-term government bonds interest rate) Whole Farm Profitability = Market returns (+ coupled payments) (+ decoupled payments) - whole-farm costs +/- changes in inventory +/- capital gains/losses.

Whole Farm Net Income = Whole farm profitability + depreciation + changes in inventory + capital gains/losses. Known as: 'Net farm income' (Agri Profits, 2018)

April 14

March 15

26.2%

56% 201

540

120

(

750-800

November 15

Precondition (90)



## Whole Farm Overview Page

ange in Inv.)	2024	162,618	46,003	38,297	37,001	96,915
						5-yr. avg
					,	201,588 918,492
	883,820	813,528	704,708	600,610	581,852	716,904
	963,405	882,116	766,075	656,538	635,796	780,786
	13,150	12,843	12,361	11,576	11,200	12,220
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
						9,67 1,530
	8,822	8,402	7,942	7,578	7,347	8,01
	32,853	32,717	33,504	30,003	28,147	31,44
	12,896	13,488	14,695	12,087	10,721	12,77
	24,880	28,447	31,878	24,119	20,884	26,042
						338,869 300,050
						95,714 30,713
						10,62
	145,186	141,036	142,025	129,046	127,975	137,054
						21,416 26,268
	34,884	34,884	36,032	34,209	33,000	34,602
	84,013	87,222	84,375	77,877	77,944	82,28
	2,313	2,313	2,313	2,313	2,313	2,313
	3,771	3,683	3,545	3,320	3,212	3,506
	4,849	4,849	5,008	4,755	4,587	4,810
						5,048 2,552
						1,911
	14,055	14,055	14,518	13,783	13,296	13,942
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	7,769	7,537	6,560	5,918	5,852	6,72
	39,446	43,807	53,102	32,710	22,526	38,31
	3,285	3,285	3,394	3,222	3,108	3,25
						5,34
						6,930 32,593
						127,251
	-	-	-	-		
	- 23,733	- 22,403	- 21,204	- 19,905	-	21,31,
						42,565 21,317
		68,588	61,366	55,928	<b>53,944</b>	63,882
						5-yr. avg
					-	45,026
100%					672,797	832,675
						6
13%	27,811	80,636	167,619	142,173	124,742	108,596
41%	492,968	379,934	278,701	278,048	268,739	339,678
	559,136	4/2,/5/	335,996	274,768	279,316	384,395
5-yr avg	1,052,105	852,691	614,697	552,816	548,055	724,073
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	5-yr. avg
23.96		2022	2022	2024	2020	-
5,747						
	Deer Anna	s Sold from Retain	eu ownersnip	201		
275						
	23.96	5,747         23.96           5,747         2024           6%         559,136           0%         -           41%         492,968           13%         27,811           0%         22           100%         1,079,938           55,830         23,755           -         140,215           8,223         41,003           5,911         3,285           39,446         7,769           -         -           140,215         8,223           41,003         5,911           3,285         39,446           7,769         -           -         -           1,026         5,089           2,573         4,849           3,771         2,313           84,013         3,484           3,771         2,313           84,013         3,484           3,771         2,313           84,013         3,484           3,771         2,313           84,013         3,484           3,771         2,313           9,981         30,285           24,880         12,89	5,747         2024         2023           5-yr arg         1,052,105         852,691           46%         559,136         472,757           0%         -         -           41%         492,968         379,934           13%         27,811         80,636           0%         22         7           100%         1,079,938         933,334           13%         27,812         80,636           0%         22         7           100%         1,079,938         933,334           6         8,823         7,621           140,215         138,818         8,223           7,621         138,818         8,223           140,021         1,579         2,483           5,911         5,796         7,537           1,926         1,926         1,926           1,926         1,926         1,926           1,926         1,926         1,926           1,926         1,926         3,931           2,573         2,573         2,573           3,371         3,683         2,313           2,313         2,313         2,313           2,313	5,747         23.96           2024         2023         2022           5-yr avg         1,052,105         852,691         614,697           46%         559,136         472,757         335,996           0%         -         -         -         -           0%         27,811         80,636         167,619           0%         22         7         1           100%         1,079,938         933,334         782,317           84,122         111,400         29,761         2024           0%         22         7         1           100%         1,079,938         933,334         782,317           84,122         111,400         29,761         6,978           41,003         36,286         61,366           55,830         46,104         40,082           23,755         22,483         21,284           140,215         138,818         142,941           8,223         7,621         6,978           3,285         3,285         3,285         3,394           3,285         3,285         3,285         3,394           3,946         4,807         5,508         3,54	5,747 23.95         2024         2023         2022         2021           5-yr avg 46% 0%         1,052,105 559,135         652,691 472,757         614,697 335,996         552,816 274,768           13% 27,8711         80,636         167,619 142,173         14,173           0%         22         7         1         1           100%         1,079,938         933,334         782,317         694,990           84,122         111,400         29,761         (155)         1           100%         1,079,938         933,334         782,317         694,990           84,122         111,400         29,761         (155)           2024         2023         2021         2021           23,755         22,483         21,284         19,003           23,755         22,483         21,284         19,003           32,855         3,394         3,222         33,710           7,769         7,537         6,560         5,918           4,055         14,055         14,518         13,783           1,926         1,926         1,930         1,889           3,2446         4,849         5,003         3,400           3,2433 <td< td=""><td>5,747 23.36         2024         2023         2022         2021         2020           5 yr ory 46%         1,052.105         652,691         614,697         552,816         274,763         279,316           13%         429,568         379,934         278,701         278,048         266,739           13%         429,2968         379,934         278,71         266,739         224,742           10%         1,079,938         633,334         7621         1         0           100%         1,079,938         633,334         7622         7         1         1         0           100%         1,079,938         64,102         2022         2021         2020         -         &lt;</td></td<>	5,747 23.36         2024         2023         2022         2021         2020           5 yr ory 46%         1,052.105         652,691         614,697         552,816         274,763         279,316           13%         429,568         379,934         278,701         278,048         266,739           13%         429,2968         379,934         278,71         266,739         224,742           10%         1,079,938         633,334         7621         1         0           100%         1,079,938         633,334         7622         7         1         1         0           100%         1,079,938         64,102         2022         2021         2020         -         <

+ Other Farm Revenue includes: Other enterprises, capital gains and losses as well as calculated interest on savings based on the models previous year profits. \*Other fixed and var. costs includes: veterinary, medicine, maintenance and spare parts, and other/miscellaneous

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Cow-Calf Enterprise (\$/Cow)	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	5 yr. avg.
No. of Cows*	275	275	275	275	275	275
Average male and female calf price (\$/head)	2,116	1,769	1,206	1,008	1,034	1,427
REVENUE						
Cow Calf	2,112	1,946	1,692	1,398	1,366	1,703
Cull animals and slaughter receipts	419	367	293	226	227	307
Breeding livestock receipts	-	-	-	-	-	-
Calf Sales and transfer to retained ownership enterprise	1,614	1,352	928	773	788	1,091
Government payments	78.6	227.1	470.4	398.9	350.0	305.0
Other returns	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Cow-Calf Revenue	2,112	1,946	1,692	1,398	1,366	1,703
VARIABLE COSTS						
Animal purchases	54.3	42.6	35.3	30.1	31.0	39
Feed (purchase feed, fertiliser, seed, pesticides)	448.2	436.3	443.4	403.2	407.0	428
Machinery (maintenance, depreciation, contractor)	179.2	152.8	143.3	122.3	116.8	143
Fuel, energy, lubricants, water	84.5	91.6	113.1	69.8	52.6	82
Vet & medicine	40.7	40.6	41.2	39.4	38.4	40
Other inputs cow calf enterprise	90.6	96.8	105.1	91.2	80.1	93
Labour						
Paid Labour	62.4	62.2	68.3	61.8	61.2	63
Unpaid Labour	253.7	252.8	277.6	251.3	248.5	257
Total Variable Costs	1,213.5	1,175.5	1,227.2	1,069.3	1,035.6	1,144
CAPITAL COSTS						
Insurance, taxes	44.5	44.4	48.1	44.0	43.3	45
Buildings (maintenance, depreciation)	53.1	50.4	50.8	44.8	44.0	49
Land Cost	-	-	-	-	-	
Rented Land	65.6	60.8	55.1	48.6	44.7	55
Own Land	64.1	60.0	55.8	51.3	49.0	56
Capital Costs	-	-	-	-	-	
Liabilities	42.4	52.9	56.8	49.6	56.1	52
Own capital	43.0	38.0	33.8	30.3	30.9	35
Total Capital Costs	312.7	306.5	300.3	268.7	268.1	291
COSTS						
Cash Costs	1,023.1	1,009.0	1,044.0	903.9	875.2	971
Depreciation Costs	142.4	122.3	116.3	101.1	100.0	116
Opportunity Costs	360.8	350.7	367.2	333.0	328.5	348
Total Production Costs	1,526.2	1,482.0	1,527.5	1,338.0	1,303.7	1,435
Profits	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	5-yr. avg.
Short-term profit (cash costs)	1,088.8	937.1	648.2	494.1	490.4	732
Medium-term profit (cash + depreciation)	946.4	814.8	531.9	393.0	390.5	615
Long-term profit (cash + depreciation + opportunity)	585.6	464.2	164.7	60.1	62.0	267
*Model Maintains a stable herd size						

\*Model Maintains a stable herd size

Costs and revenue are reported for a calendar (e.g. January to December). It reflects revenue and expenses that a producer experiences over that period. Producers who want a cash flow analysis typically use a calendar or agricultural year. This method is often preferred by lenders when getting evaluated for a line of credit or a loan. The model maintains a stable herd, retention rates were adjusted to ensure that

Cash Costs Cash costs are the outlays over the course of the year, including machine repairs, paid labour, costs of feed production, and purchased feed. CDN COP Network bases cash costs on actual costs of production. Agri Profit\$ uses the

The cost of producing the feed on-farm and the purchased feed costs as used in that year to reflect the experience and situation of producers. Production inputs, land and any purchased feeds utilized that year are included. Rations for each type of animal and inventories are used to calculate total feed requirements. Any shortfall in production are assumed to be purchased at market value. Feed rations and yields are provided "as fed" to balance the model. Below are the included costs for feed production:

Feed: Calculated as feed cost (purchase feed + fertilizer, seed and pesticides for own feed production) + machinery cost (machinery maintenance + depreciation + contractor) + fuel, energy, lubricants and water + land cost (land Land: separated into owned and rented land, includes both crop and pastureland. Land costs = Rents paid + calculated land rents forown land (opportunity cost).

By using the cost of land, the advantage that mature operations have is clearly shown as their cost structure is lower when I and has been fully paid off.

### Allocation

Generic allocation uses percent revenues from each commodity to cover overheads and utilizes accounting data for the overhead costs. This takes the approach that overheads and fixed costs will be covered by something growr on the farm and recognizes that there are commodity price cycles where grains and livestock tend to be opposite. It is not so much concerned about each enterprise paying their way as that all overheads are covered by the mix of commodities grown. It should be recognized that as commodity prices fluctuate and revenues to each enterprise fluctuate, the shifting shares will change the cost structure for each enterprise from year to year.

### Depreciation

Depreciation on buildings and machinery is a non-cash cost that reveals the ability of the farm to continue operating if an asset needs replacement.

Differences in depreciation costs between AgriProfitS and the CDN COP Network primarily comes from the use of specific (AgriP rofitS) versus generic (CDN COP Network) allocation. Where generic allocation results in machinery depreciation used for feed production to show up in the cow-calf enterprise as that is where revenue is generated. In contrast, specific allocation removes that cost and since feed is treated at market value, machinery depreciation for feed production is treated as a cash cost. This results in the CDN COP Network typically having lower cash costs and higher depreciation costs than what is reported in AgriProfit\$.

### **Opportunity Costs**

Opportunity costs are the non-cash costs that reveal the opportunity of using different resources. These costs can include Unpaid labour, renting out land, the opportunity of selling or buying feed production, and return to own capital. Land: The Opportunity costs of land are the rents for new contracts if the farm rents out owned land. It reflects the future cost d renting land. If the producers' profits of utilizing the land outweigh the profits of renting the land,

utilizing owned land for production should be preferred and vice-versa. Labour: The opportunity costs of labour are the calculated wage for family labour, either off-farm salary or farm manager salary. It is important to note that the opportunity cost of labour reflects the income you can receive for

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Unit Reported Often cow-calf COP is expressed as dollars per cow wintered (\$/cow wintered) which adjusts the calf price per head for the number of calves sold per 100 cows. When evaluating overall cost structure to identify areas for improvement, or comparing to a benchmark, this is sufficient.

However, a per unit cost provides producers with their break-even cost, allowing them to compare with posted market prices for their calves' average weight category. This break-even price will depend on the percentage of calves weaned that year from the cow herd. The higher percent weaned, the lower per pound the break -even price will be



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Cow-Calf Enterprise (\$/lb Weaned)	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	5 yr. avg.
Pounds Weaned	110,750	110,750	110,750	110,750	110,750	110,750
Average male and female weaning weight (lbs)	538	538	538	538	538	538
Average male and female calf price at weaning (\$/lb)	3.94	3.29	2.24	1.88	1.92	2.65
REVENUE						
Cow Calf Operation	5.24	4.83	4.20	3.47	3.39	4.23
Cull animals and slaughter receipts	1.04	0.91	0.73	0.56	0.56	0.76
Breeding livestock receipts	-	-	-	-	-	-
Calf Sales and transfer to retained ownership enterprise	4.01	3.36	2.31	1.92	1.96	2.71
Government payments	0.20	0.56	1.17	0.99	0.87	0.76
Other returns	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Cow-Calf Revenue	5.24	4.83	4.20	3.47	3.39	4.23
VARIABLE COSTS						
Animal purchases	0.13	0.11	0.09	0.07	0.08	0.10
Feed (purchase feed, fertiliser, seed, pesticides)	1.11	1.08	1.10	1.00	1.01	1.06
Machinery (maintenance, depreciation, contractor)	0.44	0.38	0.36	0.30	0.29	0.35
Fuel, energy, lubricants, water	0.21	0.23	0.28	0.17	0.13	0.20
Vet & medicine	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
Other inputs cow calf enterprise	0.22	0.24	0.26	0.23	0.20	0.23
Labour						
Paid Labour	0.16	0.15	0.17	0.15	0.15	0.16
Unpaid Labour	0.63	0.63	0.69	0.62	0.62	0.64
Total Variable Costs	3.0	2.9	3.0	2.7	2.6	2.8
CAPITAL COSTS		-				
Insurance, taxes	0.11	0.11	0.12	0.11	0.11	0.11
Buildings (maintenance, depreciation)	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.11	0.11	0.12
Land Cost						
Rented Land	0.16	0.15	0.14	0.12	0.11	0.14
Owned Land	0.16	0.15	0.14	0.13	0.12	0.14
Capital Costs						
Liabilities	0.11	0.13	0.14	0.12	0.14	0.13
Own capital	0.11	0.09	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.09
Total Capital Costs	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7
COSTS						
Cash Costs	2.54	2.51	2.59	2.24	2.17	2.41
Depreciation Costs	0.35	0.30	0.29	0.25	0.25	0.29
Opportunity Costs	0.90	0.87	0.91	0.83	0.82	0.86
Total Production Costs	3.79	3.68	3.79	3.32	3.24	3.56
Profits	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	5-yr. avg.
Short-term profit (cash costs)	2.70	2.33	1.61	1.23	1.22	1.82
Medium-term profit (cash + depreciation)	2.35	2.02	1.32	0.98	0.97	1.53
Long-term profit (cash + depreciation + opportunity)	1.45	1.15	0.41	0.15	0.15	0.66

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Cash costs are the outlays over the course of the year, including machine repairs, paid labour, costs of feed production, and purchased feed. CDN COP Network bases cash costs on actual costs of production. Agri ProfitS uses the market value for some cash costs, including feed. The cost of producing the feed on-farm and the purchased feed costs as used in that year to reflect the experience and situation of productors. Production inputs, land and any purchased feeds utilized that year are included.

Rations for each type of animal and inventories are used to calculate total feed requirements. Any shortfall in production are assumed to be purchased at market value. Feed rations and yields are provided "as fed" to balance the

Nations for each type of animal and inventiones are used to calculate to calculate the equivalences, any shortain in production of e assume to be purchased at market value. Feed factors and years are produced as red, to be purchased at market value. Feed factors and years are produced as red, to be purchased at market value. Feed factors and years are produced as red, to be purchased at market value. Feed factors and years are produced as red, to be purchased at market value. Feed factors and years are produced as red, to be purchased at market value. Feed factors and years are produced as red, to be purchased at market value. Feed factors and years are produced as red, to be purchased at market value. Feed factors and years are produced as red, to be purchased at market value. Feed factors and years are produced as red, to be purchased at market value. Feed factors and years are produced as red, to be purchased at market value. Feed factors and years are produced as red, to be purchased at market value. Feed factors and years are produced as red, to be purchased at market value. Feed factors and years are produced as red, to be purchased at market value. Feed factors and years are produced as red, to be purchased at market value. Feed factors and years are produced as red, to be purchased at market value. Feed factors and years are produced as red, to be purchased at the produced as red, to be purchased at the produced as red, to be purchased at the produced at the produced

Land: separated into owned and rented land, includes both crop and pastureland. Land costs = Rents paid + calculated land rents forown land (opportunity cost). By using the cost of land, the advantage that mature operations have is clearly shown as their cost structure is lower when I and has been fully paid off. Allocation

Generic allocation uses percent revenues from each commodity to cover overheads and utilizes accounting data for the overhead costs. This takes the approach that overheads and fixed costs will be covered by something grown on the farm and recognizes that there are commodity price cycles where grains and livestock tend to be opposite. It is not so much concerned about each enterprise paying their way as that all overheads are covered by the mix of commodities grown. It should be recognized that as commodity prices fluctuate and revenues to each enterprise fluctuate, the shifting shares will change the cost structure for each enterprise from year to year Depreciation

Depreciation on buildings and machinery is a non-cash cost that reveals the ability of the farm to continue operating if an asset needs replacement

Differences in depreciation costs between AgriProfitS and the CDN COP Network primarily comes from the use of specific (AgriP rofitS) versus generic (CDN COP Network) allocation. Where generic allocation results in machinery depreciation cost of precursors and size of the results in the CDN COP Network typically having lower cash costs and higher depreciation costs than what is reported in AgriProfit\$. Opportunity Costs

Opportunity costs are the non-cash costs that reveal the opportunity of using different resources. These costs can include Unpaid labour, renting out land, the opportunity of selling or buying feed production, and return to own capital Land: The Opportunity costs of land are the rents for new contracts if the farm rents out owned land. It reflects the future cost of renting land. If the producers' profits of utilizing the land outweigh the profits of renting the land,

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the same type of labour.

Capital: The opportunity cost of capital is the interest rate for long-term government bonds multiplied by the equity without land (values of machines, buildings, livestock, circulating capital, less total loans). If the producers' return on capital through farm and ranch production of an enterprise is greater than investing elsewhere then, continuous pro duction should be preferred. Unit Reported

Often cow-calf COP is expressed as dollars per cow wintered (\$/cow wintered) which adjusts the calf price per head for the number of calves sold per 100 cows. When evaluating overall cost structure to identify areas for

The conversion of the provides producers with their break-even cost, allowing them to compare with posted market prices for their calves' average weight category. This break-even price will depend on the percentage of calves weared that year from the cow herd. The higher percent weared, the lower per pound the break-even price will be.





RETAINED OWNERSHIP		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	5-yr. avg
No. of beef cattle sold per year		201	201	201	201	201	201
Note: breeding stock sales are in the cow-calf enterprise							
Placement weight (lbs)	540						
Sale Weight (lbs) Days on Feed	750-800 120						
Average Daily Gain (lbs/day)	2.08						
		2024		2022	2024		
REVENUE (\$/head Sold)		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	5-yr. avg
Market Returns from Retained Ownership		2,452.58 30.78	1,890.22 90.51	1,386.57 190.30	1,383.33 161.62	1,337.01 141.75	1,689.94 122.99
Other Returns (Government payments, by-products) Total Revenue		2,483.36	1,980.73	1,576.87	1,544.95	1,478.76	1,812.99
		·					
Costs (\$/head Sold) VARIABLE COSTS		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	5-yr. avg
Animal purchases		2,207.85	1,849.75	1,270.10	1,057.53	1,078.69	1,492.78
Feed (purchase feed, fertiliser, seed, pesticides)		212.31	229.43	242.46	198.44	175.26	211.58
Machinery (maintenance, depreciation, contractor)		252.99	217.23	179.99	169.27	153.79	194.65
Fuel, energy, lubricants, water		119.31	130.18	142.07	96.63	69.23	111.48
Vet & medicine		0.54	0.54	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.52
Other inputs		97.74	100.59	104.80	91.93	83.44	95.70
Labour							
Paid Labour		88.15	88.45	85.80	85.58	80.51	85.70
Unpaid Labour Total Variable Costs		358.20 3,337.08	359.42 2,975.60	348.66 2,374.41	347.75 2,047.64	327.14 1,968.56	348.24 2,540.66
		5,557.06	2,975.00	2,374.41	2,047.04	1,908.30	2,540.00
Insurance, taxes		47.98	48.14	46.70	46.58	43.82	46.64
Buildings (maintenance, depreciation)		74.96	71.69	63.80	62.02	57.98	66.09
Land Cost		7 1150	72105	05100	02:02	57150	00.05
Rented Land		38.43	35.80	29.68	28.09	24.90	31.38
Owned Land		37.57	35.30	30.09	29.66	27.34	31.99
Capital Costs							
Liabilities		58.26	68.97	57.85	54.79	60.79	60.13
Own capital		59.57	52.85	41.32	40.87	39.72	46.87
Total Capital Costs		316.76	312.75	269.44	262.00	254.55	283.10
TOTAL COSTS							
Cash Costs		2,997.41	2,666.87	2,077.64	1,751.45	1,697.31	2,238.14
Depreciation Costs		201.10	173.90	146.13	139.91	131.60	158.53
Opportunity Costs		455.33	447.58	420.08	418.28	394.21	427.09
Total Production Costs (excludes own capital)	-	3,653.85	3,288.35	2,643.85	2,309.64	2,223.11	2,823.76
Profits		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	5-yr. avg
Short-term profit (cash costs)		(514.05)	(686.14)	(500.77)	(206.50)	(218.55)	(425.20
Medium-term profit (cash + depreciation)		(715.15)	(860.04)	(646.90)	(346.41)	(350.15)	(583.73
Long-term profit (cash + depreciation + opportunity)		(1,170.49)	(1,307.62)	(1,066.97)	(764.69)	(744.35)	(1,010.82
Net Income (\$/head sold)		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	5-yr. avg
Net Income		(297.37)	(308.90)	(505.83)	(354.06)	(356.83)	(364.60
Net Cash Farm Income		(514.84)	(689.24)	(507.77)	(213.38)	(225.23)	(430.09
Labour							
Labour Paid Labour hours p	er vear	762	764	718	754	736	747
Unpaid Labour hours p		2,919	2,929	2,751	2,890	2,818	2,861
Return to labour input \$/hour Average wages (paid and calculated) \$/hour		(39.5)	(47)	(37)	(18)	(19)	(32
Average wages (paid and calculated) S/hour		24	24	25	24	23	24
Net Income (annual total)		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	5-yr. avg
Net Income \$ per ye		(59,772) (103,484)	(62,089) (138,537)	(101,673) (102,062)	(71,167) (42,890)	(71,723) (45,272)	(73,285 (86,449
			(130,337)	(102,002)	(42,030)	(45,272)	(00,443
Net Cash Farm Income \$ per ye							
Net Cash Farm Income \$ per ye Cost of Productio				Retained	Ownership Net i	ncome	
Net Cash Farm Income         \$ per yet           Cost of Productio           4,000         (\$/head Sold)			(20.000)	Retained	Ownership Net i	ncome	
Net Cash Farm Income \$ per ye Cost of Productio 4,000 (\$/head Sold) 3,500			(20,000)	Retained	Ownership Net i	ncome	
Net Cash Farm Income \$ per yes Cost of Productio 4,000 (\$/head Sold) 3,500 3,000			(40,000) -	Retained	Ownership Net in		
Net Cash Farm Income \$ per yes Cost of Productio 4,000 (\$/head Sold) 3,500 3,000			(40,000) -	Retained	Ownership Net in	ncome	
Net Cash Farm Income \$ per yes Cost of Productio 4,000 (\$/head Sold) 3,500 3,000			(40,000) - (60,000) - QU (80,000) -	Retained	Ownership Net in		
Net Cash Farm Income \$ per yes Cost of Productio (\$/head Sold) 3,500 9,2,500 9,2,000			(40,000) -	Retained	Ownership Net in		
Net Cash Farm Income         \$ per ye           Cost of Productio         (5/head Sold)           3,500         (5/head Sold)           90         2,500           92         2,000           500         500			(40,000) (60,000) (80,000) (100,000)	Retained	Ownership Net in		
Net Cash Farm Income         Speryet           Cost of Productio         4,000         (\$/head Sold)           3,500         (\$/head Sold)         (\$/head Sold)           92,2500         (\$/head Sold)         (\$/head Sold)           1,500         (\$/head Sold)         (\$/head Sold)           1,500         (\$/head Sold)         (\$/head Sold)           0         (\$/head Sold)         (\$/head Sold)		5-yr. avg.	(40,000) (60,000) (80,000) (100,000) (120,000)	Retained	Ownership Net in		

NOTE: Feed costs are based on cost of production if homegrown.

Cash Costs Depreciation Costs Opportunity Costs --- Revenue



Net Income Net Cash Farm Income

5-yr. avg.

5-yr. avg.



RETAINED OWNERSHIP	\$/lb LW Sold	\$/hd sold	\$/lb gain
REVENUE	2024	2024	2024
Market Returns from Retained Ownership	3.14	2,452.58	10.21
Other Returns (Government payments, by-products)	0.04	30.78	0.13
Total	3.18	2,483.36	10.34
Costs (\$/lb LW Sold)	2024	2024	2024
VARIABLE COSTS			
Animal purchases	2.83	2,207.85	9.19
Feed (purchase feed, fertiliser, seed, pesticides)	0.27	212.31	0.88
Machinery (maintenance, depreciation, contractor)	0.32	252.99	1.05
Fuel, energy, lubricants, water	0.15	119.31	0.50
Vet & medicine	0.00	0.54	0.00
Other inputs	0.13	97.74	0.41
Labour			
Paid Labour	0.11	88.15	0.37
Unpaid Labour	0.46	358.20	1.49
Total Variable Costs	4.28	3,337.08	13.89
CAPITAL COSTS			
Insurance, taxes	0.06	47.98	0.20
Buildings (maintenance, depreciation)	0.10	74.96	0.31
Land Cost			
Rented Land	0.05	38.43	0.16
Owned Land	0.05	37.57	0.16
Capital Costs			
Liabilities	0.07	58.26	0.24
Own capital	0.08	59.57	0.25
Total Capital Costs	0.41	316.76	1.32
TOTAL COSTS			
Cash Costs	3.84	2,997.41	12.48
Depreciation Costs	0.26	201.10	0.84
Opportunity Costs	0.58	455.33	1.90
Total Production Costs (excludes own capital)	4.68	3,653.85	15.21
Profits	2024	2024	2024
	0.36	1.26	0.01
Margin over operating costs Short-term profit (cash costs)	(0.66)	(514.05)	(2.14)
Medium-term profit (cash + depreciation)	(0.88)	(715.15)	(2.14)
Long-term profit (cash + depreciation + opportunity)	(0.92) (1.50)	(1,170.49)	(2.98) (4.87)
Nethersone	2024	2024	2024
Net Income	2024	2024	2024
Net Income	(0.38)	(297.37)	(1.24)
Net Cash Farm Income	(0.66)	(514.84)	(2.14)

NOTE: Feed costs are based on cost of production if homegrown.



